

-Dr WaFaa's Quizzes:-

1) Quiz

$$y = (2, 4, 7)$$

Can we represent y as linear combination of (u, v, w) in previous example

$$y = C_1 u + C_2 v + C_3 w \rightarrow \text{Sys is always consist}$$

$$- C_1 4 + C_2 3 + C_3 2 = 2 \quad \text{all}$$

$$- C_1 5 + C_2 2 + C_3 0 = 4$$

$$- C_1 6 + C_2 1 + C_3 4 = 7$$

2) Quiz

- Find an example of linear combination of three vectors:-

$$u = (4, 5, 6)$$

ans:-

$$v = (3, 2, 1)$$

$$C_1 u + C_2 v + C_3 w$$

$$1$$

$$0$$

$$2$$

$$w = (2, 0, 4)$$

$$= (4, 5, 6) + 2(2, 0, 4)$$

$$= (8, 5, 14)$$

3) Quiz

Let A be 3×3 matrix, show if the expression is correct

$$\det(AA^T) \geq 0$$

ans:-

23

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \cdot \det(B)$$

$$\det(AA^T) = \det(A) \cdot \det(A^T)$$

$$\det(A) = \det(A^T)$$

$\therefore (\det A)^2$ will always be greater than zero

4-

Quiz.

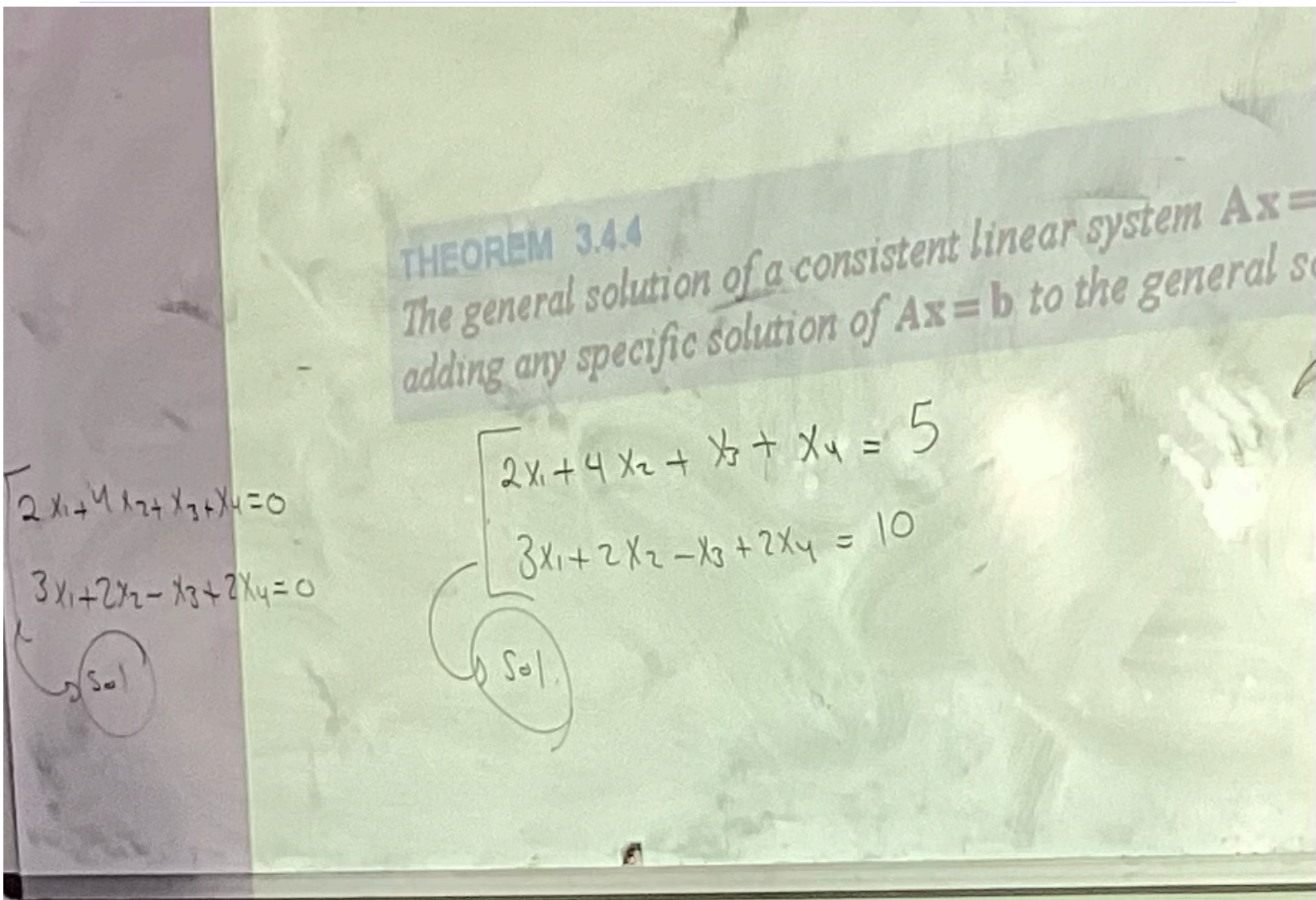
Can you write linear as a linear comp
C of rows, if yes give an example

$$[x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3]$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} a_1 & a_2 & a_3 \\ a_4 & a_5 & a_6 \\ a_7 & a_8 & a_9 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$A_{1 \times 4} = x_1 [a_1 \quad a_2 \quad a_3] + x_2 [a_4 \quad a_5 \quad a_6] + x_3 [a_7 \quad a_8 \quad a_9]$$

5-



a - solve this system

b - prove theorem 3.4.4

Chapter 1

Q1 Prove if $A^0 = \text{identity}$

Q2 A & B are same size matrices, both invertible
Prove if both their sum are invertible.

Q3 $(ABC)^{-1} \Rightarrow \text{solve.}$

Q4 if the Determinant of $A = C$
What does KA equal to?

\hookrightarrow if a is a $[2 \times 2]$ Matrix (K^2)?

Q5 find the Linear combination

$$u = (4, 5, 6)$$

$$v = (3, 2, 1)$$

$$w = (2, 0, 4)$$