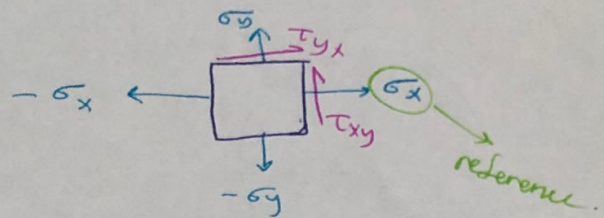


Mohr circle



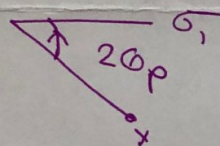
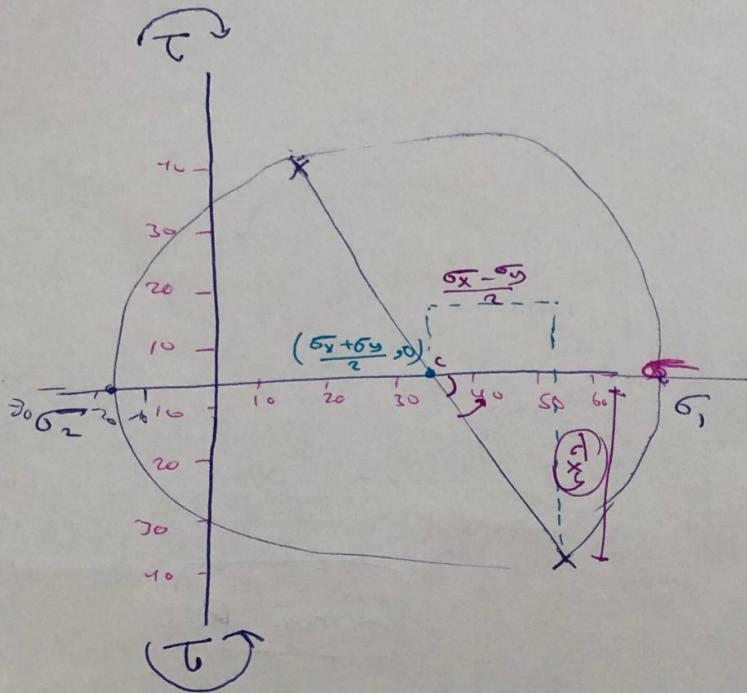
$\sigma_y < \sigma_x$

$C = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2}$, ①

$R = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$

~~$\sigma_1 = (C+R)$~~

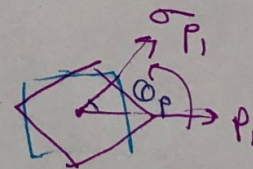
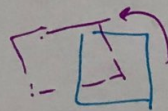
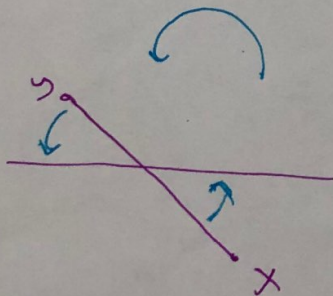
~~$\sigma_2 = C-R$~~



Principle plane oriented

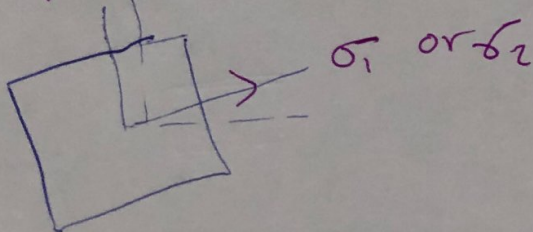
$\tan 2\theta_p = \frac{\tau_{xy}}{\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}}$

$\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}$

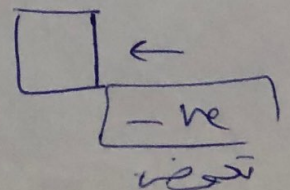


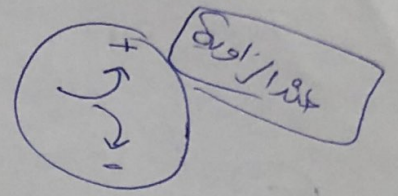
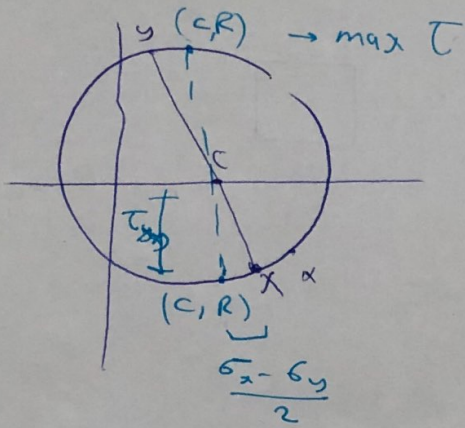
$\sigma_{ave} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2}$

σ_1 or σ_2



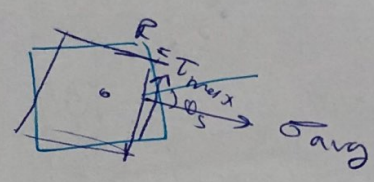
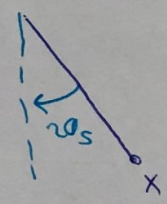
Principle stress





$$\tan 2\theta_s = \frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \div (-\tau_{xy})$$

$$\tau_{max} = R$$



$$\sigma_{avg} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2}$$

$$\tau_{max} = R$$

ایک دائرہ کے ذریعے، دو محوروں پر ایک نقطہ کے دو محاوروں پر
جسے کہتے ہیں

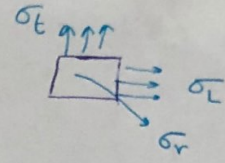
② Presurized stresses

$\frac{r_i}{t} \gg 10$ thin $r = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} r_o \\ r_i \end{array} \right.$

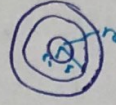
$\frac{r_i}{t} < 10$ thick

highest $\sigma = \sigma_{tang}$

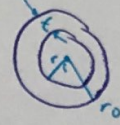
$\sigma_t \rightarrow$ thin walls \rightarrow hoop stress



Thick



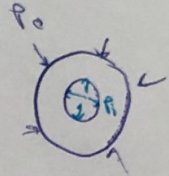
Thin



Thick walled pressure vessels

$$\sigma_3 = \sigma_r = \frac{P_i r_i^2 - P_o r_o^2 + r_i^2 r_o^2 (P_o - P_i) / r^2}{r_o^2 - r_i^2}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \sigma_t = \frac{P_i r_i^2 - P_o r_o^2 - r_i^2 r_o^2 (P_o - P_i) / r^2}{r_o^2 - r_i^2}$$



$P_o = 0$

$$\sigma_t = \frac{r_i^2 P_i \left(1 + \frac{r_o^2}{r^2}\right)}{r_o^2 - r_i^2}$$

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{1}{2} (\sigma_t - \sigma_r)$$

if cylinder is closed

$$\sigma_2 = \sigma_L = \frac{P_i r_i^2 - P_o r_o^2}{r_o^2 - r_i^2}$$

$$\sigma_r = \frac{r_i^2 P_i \left(1 - \frac{r_o^2}{r^2}\right)}{r_o^2 - r_i^2}$$

\downarrow
cylinder is capped closed σ_{tang}

Thin walled pressure vessels $r_i/t \gg 20$

$\sigma_1 = \sigma_t = \frac{P r_i}{2t} \rightarrow$ hoop stress $\rightarrow \frac{P \cdot r_i}{t} = \sigma_t$

$\sigma_2 = \sigma_L = \frac{P r_i}{2t}$

$\sigma_3 = \sigma_{r=0}$

$\tau_{max} = \frac{\sigma_1}{2} = \frac{\sigma_t}{2}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} D_i = D_o - 2t \\ \frac{D_i}{2} = r_i \\ \frac{P(d_i t)}{2t} = \sigma_{t_{max}} \end{array} \right.$$

$\sigma_r = 0$

σ_r max r_o

σ_r min r_i

σ_t max r_i

σ_t min r_o

$P = \text{Mn/m}^2 = \text{MPa}$

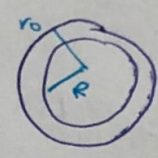
③ Press & shrink fits

$\sigma = P = \frac{\delta E}{R} \left[\frac{(r_o^2 - R^2)(R^2 - r_i^2)}{2R^2(r_o^2 - r_i^2)} \right]$

↑ Stress
 ↑ Pressure
 ↓ inner hub
 ↓ outer shaft

$r_i \rightarrow$ shaft
 $r_o \rightarrow$ hub
 $\delta \rightarrow$ interference

$D_{max} \rightarrow$ hole
 $D_{min} \rightarrow$ shaft



$\delta_{min} = d_{min} - D_{max} \rightarrow P_{min}$

$\delta_{max} = d_{max} - D_{min} \rightarrow P_{max}$

$\delta_{inner} = -\frac{PR}{E_i} \left[\frac{R^2 + r_i^2}{R^2 - r_i^2} - \nu_i \right]$

$\delta_{outer} = \frac{PR}{E_o} \left[\frac{R^2 + r_o^2}{r_o^2 - R^2} + \nu_o \right]$

$\delta = \delta_{inner} + |\delta_{outer}| \rightarrow$ total radial interference
 \rightarrow deformation
 \rightarrow change in radius

$(d_{inner} + t)_{min} - (D_{outer} + t_{clear})_{max}$
 $R = t_{max}^{shaft} - t_{min}^{hole}$

$\delta = |\delta_{inner}| + |\delta_{outer}| \rightarrow$ total radial interference
 \rightarrow + total deformation

$F = \mu P \times A = \mu P (2\pi R t) = (2\pi R \mu P L)$

$F_{friction}$
 friction force

$F_{friction} = \mu P$
 stress

$\sigma_i \tan \alpha = -P \frac{(R^2 + r_i^2)}{R^2 - r_i^2} \rightarrow$ tangential @ inner

$\sigma_o \tan \alpha = P \frac{(r_o^2 + R^2)}{r_o^2 - R^2}$

$\epsilon_{ot} = \frac{\delta_o}{R} = \frac{\sigma_o t}{E_o} - \frac{\nu_o \sigma_{or}}{E_o}$

④ Stress concentration

① I مختلف عن I_{hole}

⑤ اذا تم وضع f غير عن رسمه، اكتب ← بقالب ال dimensions

③ σ ال بطلها من الرسات تكون σ₁ و σ₂ ...

← ملادم ما في shear

④ المساحة ← بتقص O

$$k_t = \frac{\sigma_{max}}{\sigma_{avg}}$$

table A-15

$$A = (w - d) \times t$$

↓
hole

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{F}{A} \times k$$

$$\sigma_{max} = \frac{\mu c}{I_{hole}} \times k$$

$$c = \frac{y}{2} \rightarrow \max \sigma$$



$$\tau_{max} = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_2}{2} \times k$$

$$n = \frac{\sigma_{yield}}{\sigma_{max}} \geq 1$$

no yield

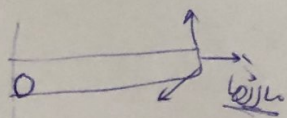
shafts

k_t x Previous Answer $\rightarrow \mu$

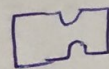
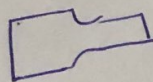
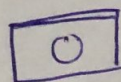
k_{Ts} x Previous Answer $\rightarrow \tau$
• Else \times

$$\sigma_{1,2} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + (\tau_{xy})^2}$$

sometimes \rightarrow zero



$\sigma_{max} \times t$
 $\sigma_t \times k_{ts}$
 $\sigma_{axial} \times 1$



↑
RD



↑
shaft
3P

④ Curved beams

مقعر

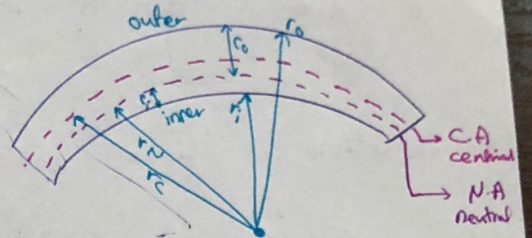
$R = r_c$

$R - r_n = r_c - r_n = e$ (eccentricity)

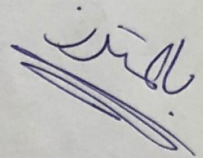
$\sigma_i = \text{inner}$

$\sigma_o = \text{outer}$

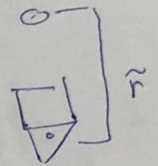
$\sigma = \frac{M y}{A_1 e (r_n - y)}$ → on neutral



③ $\sigma_i = \frac{\pm F}{A_1} = \frac{M c_i}{A_1 e r_i}$ → $y = c_i = r_n - r_i$



④ $\sigma_o = \frac{\mp F}{A_1} = \frac{M c_o}{A_1 e r_o}$ → $y = -c_o = r_n - r_o$



① $r_c = \frac{\sum \tilde{r} A_1}{\sum A_1}$ $\tilde{r} \rightarrow 0$ & shape centroid.

② $r_n = \frac{\sum A}{\sum \int \frac{dA}{r}}$ → Page 135

$\mu = F \times \left(\begin{matrix} r \\ \text{center of the} \\ \text{shape} \\ \text{and } F \end{matrix} \right)$

مستوى القوة أو أي سطح

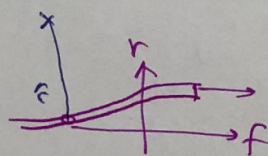
$\sigma_{outer} + \sigma_{inner} = \frac{F}{A}$

estimation:

مقعر

$e = \frac{1}{r_c A}$

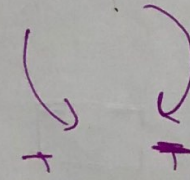
$\sigma = \frac{\pm M y}{I} \frac{r_c}{r}$



$\mu = r \times F$
من يعرف الأنتاة

$\sigma_i = \frac{\pm M c_i r_c}{I r_i} + \frac{F}{A}$

مقعر

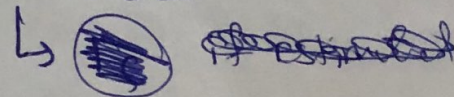
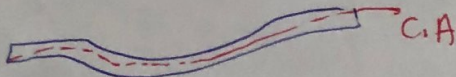


$\sigma_o = \frac{\pm M c_o r_c}{I r_o} + \frac{F}{A}$

من الأنتاة

② center + F
الأنتاة

Table
A=I/R



①

Sec 1

$$FOS = \frac{\mu_{member(s)}}{\mu_{applied}} \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{deterministic} \begin{array}{l} \text{دائم} \\ \text{ثابت} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{\sigma_{member(s)}}{\sigma_{applied}}$$

* Table A-10
Z chart *

Table A-25
μ, σ

$$\mu_Q = \mu(s) - \mu_\sigma$$

$$Q = 3 - \sigma$$

$$\sigma_Q = \sqrt{\sigma_s^2 + \sigma_\sigma^2}$$

$$P(Q=0) \left(z = \frac{Q - \mu_Q}{\sigma_Q} \right) \Rightarrow \text{Prob of failure } P(z) \uparrow$$

1 - P(Q=0) → reliability (Survival)

$$\begin{bmatrix} +\sigma_{xx} & +\tau_{xy} & +\tau_{xz} \\ +\tau_{yx} & +\sigma_{yy} & +\tau_{yz} \\ +\tau_{zx} & +\tau_{zy} & +\sigma_{zz} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sigma_{1,2,3} = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2}$$

$$\sigma_{yz} = \dots$$

$$\tau_{max} = \pm \left(\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_2}{2} \right)$$

2D

$$\sigma^3 - I_1 \sigma^2 + I_2 \sigma - I_3 = 0$$

$$I_1 = \sigma_x + \sigma_y + \sigma_z$$

$$I_2 = \sigma_x \sigma_y + \sigma_x \sigma_z + \sigma_y \sigma_z - \tau_{xy}^2 - \tau_{xz}^2 - \tau_{yz}^2$$

$$I_3 = \sigma_x \sigma_y \sigma_z + 2 \tau_{xy} \tau_{xz} \tau_{yz} - \sigma_x \tau_{yz}^2 - \sigma_y \tau_{xz}^2 - \sigma_z \tau_{xy}^2$$

$$\sigma_1 \quad \sigma_2 \quad \sigma_3 \quad \tau_{max} = \frac{(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)}{2}$$

3D

Von messer

$$\tau_{oct} = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_3 - \sigma_1)^2}$$

$$s_y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_3 - \sigma_1)^2}$$

$$\tau_{oct} > \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} s_y \quad n < 1$$

$$\tau_{oct} < \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3} s_y \quad n > 1$$

$$n = \frac{\sqrt{2} s_y}{3 \tau_{oct}} \quad \text{Satisfy Factor}$$

$$\sigma_{oct} = \frac{\sigma_1 + \sigma_2 + \sigma_3}{3}$$

$$n = \frac{s_y \text{ given}}{s_y \text{ measured}} \rightarrow \text{table A-20}$$

Tresca

$$\tau_{max} = \sqrt{\dots} = \frac{1}{2} (\sigma_{max} - \sigma_{min})$$

$$n = \frac{S_y}{2 \tau_{max}}$$

shafts

2

$\sigma_{M \times M}$	$\sigma_B = \frac{M c}{I}$ $c = \frac{d}{2}$	$\sigma = \frac{32 M}{\pi d^3} \rightarrow I = \frac{\pi d^4}{64}$	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">Table A-18</div>
$\sigma_{A \times y}$	$\sigma_A = \frac{F}{B h}$	$\sigma_A = \frac{F}{\frac{\pi}{4} d^2}$	
τ_{xy}	$\frac{T c}{J}$	$\frac{16 T}{\pi d^3}$ $= T \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)$ $\frac{\pi d^4}{32}$	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> $f \rightarrow N$ $L = mm \rightarrow M f m$ $f \rightarrow kN$ $L = m$ </div>

البيكون في الستان
T ← الستان

Principle stresses

3

$$\sigma_1, \sigma_2 = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + (\tau_{xy})^2}$$

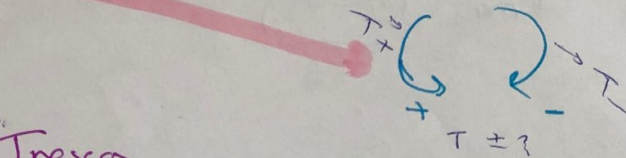
$$\tau_{max} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2}\right)^2 + (\tau_{xy})^2}$$

$T = \frac{P}{\omega} \rightarrow \text{rad}$
 $\omega = \pi n \times \frac{2\pi}{60}$
 $P = 1000 \text{ W}$

N.m

1

$$\mu = \vec{r} \times \vec{F}$$



$i \rightarrow$ المحاور
 x axis
 $j = \dots$
 y axis
 $k = \dots$
 z axis
 لجد القوة عن (0,0,0)

Tresca

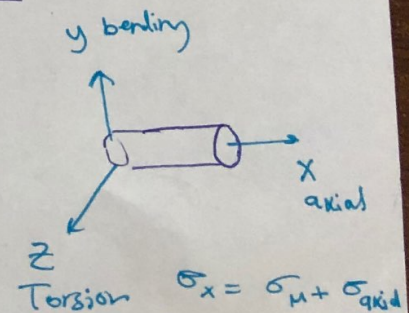
$$n = \frac{S_y}{2 \tau_{max}} \rightarrow \text{Table A-20}$$

(الكافة بين الستان)
 دائري

von mises

$$\sigma_e = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \sqrt{(\sigma_1 - \sigma_2)^2 + (\sigma_2 - \sigma_3)^2 + (\sigma_1 - \sigma_3)^2}$$

$$n = \frac{S_y}{\sigma_e} \rightarrow \text{Table A-20}$$



① Bearings

(A) Ball bearing ~~supported~~ (SKF)

$R_{desired} = R_{rated} = 90\%$

$$F_{desired} \times L_{desired}^{(1/a)} = C_{10} \times L_{10}^{1/a}$$

\downarrow \downarrow \downarrow \downarrow
 I_b $rated\ load$ $rated\ life = 10^6 (skf)$

$a = 3 \rightarrow$ ball bearings

$a = \frac{10}{3} \rightarrow$ tapered / cylindrical

L_{10} in hrs \rightarrow $L_R^n \times n_{rated} \times 60 \rightarrow$ $\frac{SI\ distance}{rev}$

\downarrow \downarrow
 hrs rev/min

$L_{desired} \times n_{desired} \times 60 \rightarrow$ min \rightarrow rev

$C_{10} \rightarrow$ table (11-2) page 573 (mm)
 Deep groove
 $I_b \times .4448 = mm$
 .05 \rightarrow inches

(b) $R_{desired} \neq R_{rated}$

$$C_{10} = a f F_D \left[\frac{x_D}{x_0 + (\phi - x_0) \left(\ln \frac{1}{RD} \right)^{1/b}} \right]^{1/a}$$

\downarrow
 rate

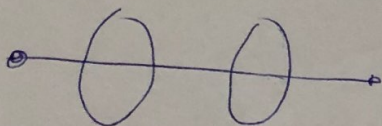
$a = 3$
 $b = 1.483$
 $L_D = 10^6$
 $x_0 = .02$
 $\phi - x_0 = 4.439$

Deep groove

$$x_D = \frac{L_D}{L_R}$$

$(x_0) / (\phi - x_0) / b \rightarrow$ weibull dis

table 11-6 page 601



① $T = F \times \text{radius}$

② R biggest

③ Select bearings from the table

Radial forces

outer ring rotating $\rightarrow v = 1.2$

inner ring rotating $\rightarrow v = 1$

not mentioned $v = 1$

Solu:

$C_{10} \rightarrow C_0$ not given

(1) $i = 2$ $x_2 = .56$ $y = 1.63$

11-1 P
572

(2) $f_e = x_2 v f_r + \frac{1}{2} x f_{ax}$

(2b) \rightarrow choose the reaction which the force is on it
(reaction) \leftarrow radial (v) (given) thrust (v)

case \rightarrow S_1
 $R = .9$
 $R \neq .9$

(3) $C_{10} = a f f_e \left[\frac{K D}{x_0 + (\theta - x_0) \left(\ln \left(\frac{1}{R} \right) \right)^{1/a}} \right]^{1/a}$
 $\rightarrow C \times L^k = F \times L$

$a = 3$
 $b = 1.483$
 $x_0 = .02$
 $\theta - x_0 = 4.439$
 $L_D = 10^6$

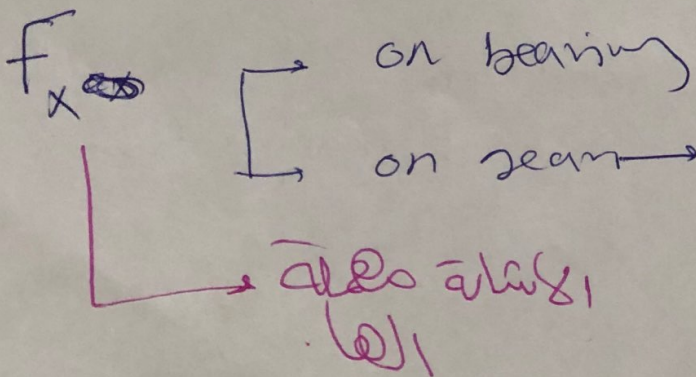
(4) angular contact (11-2) P
573

(5) $x_2 = \text{---}$ $y_2 = \text{---}$

diff

biggest reaction
 on cone

the one who f_a is on it
 angular



nothing
 moment around z
 μ_z

(B) Tapered bearing. - Timken / direct in direct mount

(1) $F_i \Rightarrow$ induced force

$$F_{iA} = \frac{.47 F_{rA} \rightarrow \text{reaction}}{k_A} \quad F_{rA} = \sqrt{A_{y1}^2 + A_{z1}^2}$$

$$F_{iB} = \frac{.47 F_{rB} \rightarrow \text{reaction}}{k_B} \quad k_A = k_B = 1.5$$

(2) $F_{iA} \leq (F_{iB} + F_{ae}) \rightarrow \text{thrust (x)} \quad (\text{الأكبر})$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} F_{eA} &= .4 F_{rA} + k_A \left(\frac{.47 F_{rB}}{k_B} + F_{ae} \right) \\ F_{eB} &= F_{rB} \end{aligned} \right.$$

← الأكبر
الأقل

$F_{iA} > (F_{iB} + F_{ae}) \rightarrow \text{thrust (x)} \quad (\text{الأكبر})$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} F_{eB} &= .4 F_{rB} + k_B \left(\frac{.47 F_{rA}}{k_A} - F_{ae} \right) \\ F_{eA} &= F_{rA} \end{aligned} \right.$$

← الأكبر
الأقل

(3) $C_{10} \equiv F_D \left(\frac{x_D}{x_0 + (0 - x_0) \left(\frac{1 - R_D}{L} \right)^{1/b}} \right)^{1/a}$

$a = 10/3$

$L = 90 \times 10^6$

$x_0 = 0$

$0 = 448$

$b = 1.5$

(4) table. 11-15 586 page
11-16 587

إذا كان الفرق 100 وأقل عند مراكبول
بوقف حل

① $R = ?$

② \cos / \sin

③ $\boxed{r} \times f \rightarrow r ?$

④ Simple

⑤ fe

⑥ $grove / angular$

⑦ f_a / c_o

ACME threads

$$T_R = \left(\frac{F d_m}{2} \left(\frac{L + \pi f d_m \sec \alpha}{\pi d_m - f L \sec \alpha} \right) \right) \quad \alpha = \frac{29}{2}$$

$$T_L = \left(\frac{F d_m}{2} \left(\frac{\pi f d_m - 1}{\pi d_m + f L} \right) + \frac{F f_c d_c}{2} \right)$$

$d_m = d_{major} - \frac{P}{2}$

+ collar friction.

$d_m = d_{major} - \frac{P}{2}$

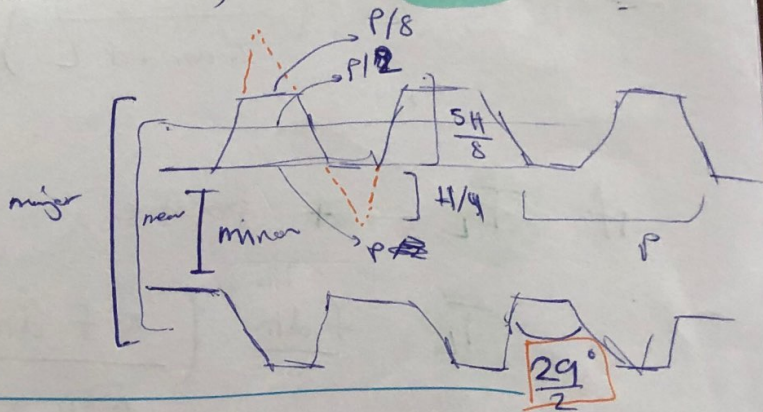
$$T_c = \frac{F f_c d_c}{2}$$

$$T_R = \frac{F d_m}{2} \left(\frac{L + \pi f d_m \sec \alpha}{\pi d_m - f L \sec \alpha} \right) + \frac{F f_c d_c}{2}$$

$V_{head} = N_{screws} \times P$

$d_r = d_{major} - \frac{P}{4}$

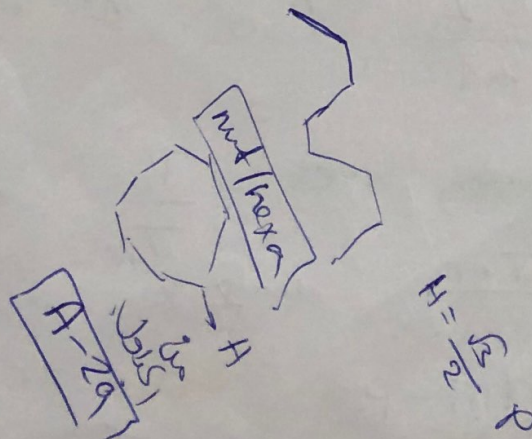
$d_m = d_{major} - \frac{P}{2}$



$\frac{5}{8} - 18 \text{ UNF} \rightarrow \text{fine/coarse}$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $d_{major} \quad N \quad P = \frac{1}{N}$

$T = \frac{Power}{2\pi \times n}$
 \downarrow
 rev/sec

M10 X 12
 \downarrow
 d_{major} \rightarrow pitch



Square threads

$$\text{width} = \text{pitch} = \frac{P}{2} = \text{depth}$$

$$d_{\text{mean}} = \frac{d_{\text{major}} + d_{\text{minor}}}{2} \quad d_{\text{minor}} = d_{\text{major}} - P$$

$$P_R = \frac{F \left(\frac{L}{\pi d_m} + f \right)}{1 - \left(f L / \pi d_m \right)}$$

$$L = P = \text{pitch}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{L}{\pi d_m}$$

$$P_L = \frac{F \left(f - \left(\frac{L}{\pi d_m} \right) \right)}{1 + \left(f L / \pi d_m \right)}$$

$$L = nP$$

$$T_R = \frac{F d_m}{2} \left(\frac{L + \pi f d_m}{\pi d_m - f L} \right) + \frac{F f_c d_c}{2}$$

$$L = nP$$

$$T_L = \frac{F d_m}{2} \left(\frac{\pi f d_m - L}{\pi d_m + f L} \right) + \frac{F f_c d_c}{2}$$

if $T_L \rightarrow +$ positive. $\pi f d_m > L$

$$T_L = \frac{F d_m}{2} \left(\frac{\pi f d_m - L}{\pi d_m + f L} \right) \quad L = nP$$

$$T_o = \frac{F L}{2\pi} \quad f=0 \quad \text{no friction losses} \quad L = nP$$

$$\text{efficiency} = e = \frac{T_o}{T_R} = \frac{F L}{2\pi T_R} \quad L = nP$$

$$\text{Power} = \frac{T \cdot n}{63025}$$

$$n = \frac{\omega}{1} \times 60 \rightarrow \text{rev/min}$$

$$\text{rev/sec} \rightarrow \times 2\pi$$

$$d_r = d_{m_{\text{as}} - P}$$

$$d_m = d_{m_{\text{as}}} - \frac{P}{2}$$

Stresses in body of Power screws

① $\tau = \frac{Tc}{J} = \frac{16T_r}{\pi d_r^3}$ Torsion

② $\sigma = \frac{P}{A}$ Axial stress normal compressive
 $A = \frac{\pi d_r^2}{4}$
 $\sigma = \frac{4F}{\pi d_r^2}$

③ $\sigma_B = \frac{-2F}{\pi d_m n t P}$ Bearing (Bending) stress @ the interface of the nut & the bolt

$\rightarrow N = \frac{\text{thickness}}{\text{Pitch}}$ num of threads in contact

④ Area contact btw nuts & bolts = $\frac{\pi d_m P n t}{2}$

⑤ Bending stress @ root of the thread. σ_x

$\sigma_b = \frac{M c}{I} = \frac{6F}{\pi d_r n t P}$ max *.38

$n = \frac{S_y}{\sigma}$
 von misses

⑥ $\sigma_x = \frac{6 F_{axial}}{\pi d_r n t P}$ $\tau_{xy} = 0$ Bending in root of thread stresses in screw threads

$\sigma_y = \frac{-4 F_{axial}}{\pi d_r^2}$ axial normal $\tau_{yz} = \frac{16T}{\pi d_r^3}$ shear

$\sigma_z = 0$

$\tau_{zx} = 0$

⑦ von misses

$d_r = d_m - P$
 $d_r = d_m - \frac{P}{4}$

$d_m = \frac{d_o + d_f}{2}$

$\sigma' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left((\sigma_x - \sigma_y)^2 + (\sigma_y - \sigma_z)^2 + (\sigma_z - \sigma_x)^2 + 6(\tau_{xy}^2 + \tau_{yz}^2 + \tau_{zx}^2) \right)^{1/2}$

$$\text{max shear stress} = \tau_{\text{max}} = \left(\frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_2}{2} \right) \quad \begin{matrix} \sigma_1 = \sigma_x \\ \sigma_2 = \end{matrix}$$

$$\sigma_2, \sigma_1 = \frac{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}{2} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{\sigma_x - \sigma_y}{2} \right)^2 + \tau_{xy}^2} \quad \leftarrow \text{max}$$

Joint stiffness

$$F_{\text{bolt}} = P_b + F_i \quad \rightarrow \text{tension}$$

$$F_{\text{member}} = P_m - F_i$$

$$c = \frac{P_b}{P} \quad \rightarrow \text{fraction of external load by bolt}$$

$(1-c)$ → fraction of external load by member

$$c = \frac{P_b}{P} = \frac{k_b}{k_m + k_b} \quad \rightarrow \text{fraction} \quad k_m + k_b \rightarrow \text{joint stiffness}$$

$$F_b = P_b + F_i$$

$$F_m = (1-c)P - F_i$$

$$P = P_m + P_b \rightarrow \text{Portion}$$

$$F_p = S_p A_t$$

$$k_b = \frac{A_d A_t E}{A_d L_t + A_b l_d}$$

bolt stiffness

$$k_m = \frac{.5774 \pi E d_{\text{major}}}{2 \ln \left(5 \times \frac{.5774 l + .5 d_{\text{major}}}{.5774 l + 2.5 d_{\text{major}}} \right)}$$

member stiffness

$$F_i = \text{Preload} \begin{cases} .75 F_p & \text{nonpermanent connection} \\ .9 F_p & \text{permanent connection} \end{cases}$$

$A_t \rightarrow$ table 8-1 / 8-2

$$A_d = \pi \times d_{\text{major}}^2$$

$l = \text{given} \rightarrow 2 \times \text{plates}$

$$l_d = L - L_{\text{tens}}$$

~~$$l_d = L - L_{\text{tens}}$$~~

~~$$l_d = L - L_{\text{tens}}$$~~

$$L = l + H + 2P \quad \text{table A-31}$$

$$E = 207$$

UNF 30

$$L_T =$$

UNF

$$\left. \begin{matrix} 2d + \frac{1}{4} \text{ in} & L \leq 6 \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} 2d + \frac{1}{2} \text{ in} & L > 6 \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$\sigma_{b(i)} = \frac{F_i}{A_t} \quad \text{Preload stress}$$

$$\sigma_{b(ii)} = \frac{F_b}{A_t} = \frac{cP + F_i}{A_t} \quad \rightarrow \text{service load stress}$$

$$L_T = \begin{cases} 2d + 6 & L \leq 125 \\ 2d + 12 & 125 < L \leq 200 \\ 2d + 25 & L > 200 \end{cases}$$

Shear joints loaded by other forces & moments

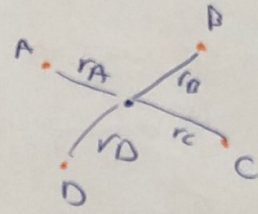
$$\bar{x} = \bar{y} = \frac{A_A X_A + A_B X_B}{\Sigma A}$$

① G (\bar{x}, \bar{y})

② $F \rightarrow \rightarrow \rightarrow G$
 $\mu = \bar{r} \times \bar{F}$

③ $f_n' = \frac{V}{n}$ - * of bolts

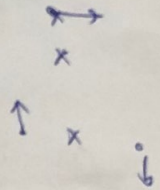
④ $f_n'' = \frac{\mu r_n}{r_A^2 + r_B^2 + r_C^2} \rightarrow f_n'' \perp r_n$



$r_n = [x]$

⑤ $F_{Resultant} = || \vec{f}_n' + \vec{f}_n'' ||$

⑥ a $F_R = \sqrt{(f_n')^2 + (f_n'')^2 + 2f_n' f_n'' \cos \theta}$



b $F_R = f_n' \pm f_n''$

⑦ highest F_R

⑧ $T_{max} = \frac{F_R}{Area}$

$area = \pi \frac{d_{root}^2}{4}$

if the thread portion passes through shear interface

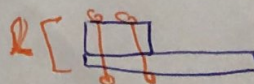
$area = \pi \frac{d_{major}^2}{4}$

assume bolt threads do not extend in joints

$d_{root} = d_{major} - f$

$l_d = L - L_t < \frac{L}{2}$

$L = H + l + 2P$
b
A-31.



FOS

(n) shear of bolts

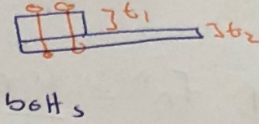
UN $\left[\begin{matrix} 8-9 \\ \text{Member } 8-11 \end{matrix} \right] \leftarrow \frac{S_y \times 0.577}{\tau_{max}}$

$$\tau_{max} = \frac{F}{\frac{\pi}{4} d^2 \times n}$$

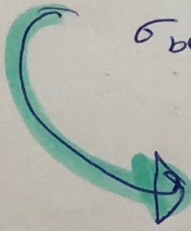
--- UN

(n) bearing on bolt.

$A_{bearing} = d_{major} \times \text{thickness smaller}$



$$\sigma_{bearing} = \frac{F_{max}}{A_{bearing}}$$

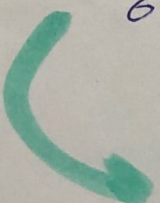


$n = \frac{S_y}{\sigma_{bearing}} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} 8-9 \\ 8-11 \end{matrix}$

(n) bearing on member

$$\sigma_{bearing} = \frac{F_{max}}{A_{bearing}}$$

$A_{bearing} = d_{major} \times \text{thickness smaller}$



$n = \frac{S_y}{\sigma_{bearing}} \rightarrow \text{table A-20}$

(n) bending safety factor (Strength of member)

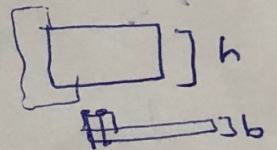
$\sigma = \frac{M c}{I}$

$c = \frac{h}{2}$

critical bending

$I = I_{bar} - 2(I_{holes} + d^2 A)$

$I_{bar} = \frac{b h^3}{12}$



$I_{hole} = \frac{b \times d^3}{12}$

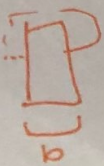
$n = \frac{S_y}{\sigma} \rightarrow \text{table A-20}$

$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2} \text{ issue } \leftarrow d = y I \text{ between } G \text{ and bolt}$

Tension member

$A_b = (b - d_{major}) \times \text{thickness}$

$A = b \times d_{major}$



$\sigma = \frac{F}{A}$

$n = \frac{S_y}{\sigma} \rightarrow A-20$

Fatigue

$$\text{Kpsi} \times 6895 = \text{MPa}$$

① Find UTS S_{ut} table A-20

② S_e' = $\begin{cases} .5 S_{ut} & S_{ut} \leq 200 \text{ Kpsi} \\ & \leq 1400 \text{ MPa} \\ 100 \text{ Kpsi} & S_{ut} > 200 \text{ Kpsi} \\ 700 \text{ MPa} & S_{ut} > 1400 \text{ MPa} \end{cases}$

experimental endurance limit

③ $S_e = k_a k_b k_c k_e k_D k_f \times S_e'$ (endurance limit)

* k_a : surface condition modification factor

$k_a = a S_{ut}^b$ $a/b \rightarrow$ table 6-2 Page 296

* k_b = Size modification factor

if $\begin{cases} \text{① Circular cross sec } \perp \\ \text{② Rotating part (Shaft)} \\ \text{③ axial } k_b = 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow d = d_{\text{actual}}$

$k_b \rightarrow$ table page 296

if $\begin{cases} \text{① Circular } \perp \\ \text{② Rotating} \end{cases}$

$d = d_{\text{effective}} = .37 d$ table 6-3 P 298

* k_c = load modification factor

$$k_c = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{bending} \\ .85 & \text{axial} \\ .59 & \text{torsion} \\ 1 & \text{combined loading} \end{cases}$$

* k_d = temperature modification factor

$$k_d = .9887 + .6507 \times 10^{-3} T_C - .3414 \times 10^{-5} T_C^2 + .5621 \times 10^{-8} T_C^3 - 6.426 \times 10^{-12} T_C^4$$

$37 \leq T_C \leq 540$

$$T_C = S_e(T)$$

* k_e = Reliability m.f. table 6-5 page 301

* k_f \rightarrow miscellaneous effect modification factor

given in the Q

(4) if failure occurs

$$S_f = \begin{matrix} \text{failure strength} \\ \text{endurance strength} \end{matrix} \Rightarrow a N^b$$

* num of cycles (life cycles)

6-16
P 293

$$a = \frac{(f S_{ut})^2}{S_e}$$

$$b = -\frac{1}{3} \log \left(\frac{f S_{ut}}{S_e} \right)$$

$$N = \left(\frac{\sigma_{rev}}{a} \right)^{1/b}$$

P 293

689 KPSI = MPa

$$S_{ut} > 200$$

$$f = .77$$

(5) Notch (discontinuity)

$\sigma_{max} = k_f \times \sigma_{nom}$
 $\sigma_{rev} = \frac{\sigma_{max}}{max}$
 $S_f = S_{amp} \rightarrow$ completely reversed

Normal $\rightarrow k_f = 1 + q (k_t - 1)$

↓
fig 6-20
P 303

A-15

Shear $k_{fs} = 1 + q_s (k_{ts} - 1)$

↓
fig 6-21
P 304

A-15

q: notch sensitivity factor

k_f → fatigue stress factor

(6) $\sigma_{rev}^{max} = k_f \sigma_{nom} = k_f \times \frac{F_{max}}{(w-t)h}$

$\sigma_{nom} \rightarrow$ A-15

$$S_{ut} = 3.4 H_B$$

(7) $n = \frac{S_{e_{calc}}}{\sigma_{rev}^{max}}$

* Fatigue Factor of Safety *

(7) $\sigma_{mean} = \frac{\sigma_{max} + \sigma_{min}}{2} = 0$ if completely reversed sinusoidal

$\sigma_{amp} = \frac{\sigma_{max} - \sigma_{min}}{2}$

$\sigma_{mo} = \sigma_{ao} = \frac{4 F_m}{\pi d^2}$ ^{axial}

$\sigma_{max} = \frac{4 F_{max}}{(\pi-d)t}$ $\sigma_{min} = \frac{4 F_{min}}{(\pi-d)t}$

$\sigma_{max} = \sigma_{mo} \times k_f$

(8) Check for yielding

$\sigma_a + \sigma_m \geq \sigma_y$

if yes \rightarrow failure \rightarrow stop solving

$\sigma_a + \sigma_m \geq 0.577 \sigma_y$

(9) Use Criteria:

$\frac{\sigma_{amp}}{S_e} + \frac{\sigma_{mean}}{\sigma_y} = \frac{1}{n_f}$ Soderberg

$\frac{\sigma_{amp}}{S_e} + \frac{\sigma_{mean}}{S_{ut}} = \frac{1}{n_f}$ mod-goodman

$\frac{n_f \sigma_{amp}}{S_e} + \left(\frac{n_f \sigma_{mean}}{S_{ut}} \right)^2 = 1$ Gerber

$\left(\frac{\sigma_{amp}}{S_e} \right)^2 + \left(\frac{\sigma_{mean}}{\sigma_y} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{n_f^2}$ ASME -elliptic

$n_f > 1$ safe بئس

$n_f = 1$ بئس

$n_f < 1$ failure بئس

$\frac{\pi d^2}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{\sigma_{mo}}{\sigma_y}$

(10) if not safe

use S_e if $\sigma_m = 0$
use S_f if $\sigma_m \neq 0$

$$S_{ut} = a N^b$$

$$a = \frac{(f S_{ut})^2}{S_e \text{ or } S_f} \rightarrow A_{20}$$

$$b = -\frac{1}{3} \log \left(\frac{f S_{ut}}{S_e \text{ or } S_f} \right)$$

پاور
203

Stress range = $\Delta \sigma = \sigma_{max} - \sigma_{min}$

load ratio $\Rightarrow R = \frac{\sigma_{min}}{\sigma_{max}}$

let $S_e = S_f$

$$h = \frac{1}{f}$$

تویپن کے رسم

$$T_{max} = k_f S \quad \frac{16 T_{max}}{\pi d^3}$$

arg 7 designing shafts

(1) reactions

(2) moment $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$

(3) @ which point M is the max $\Rightarrow T = F * R \begin{matrix} \cos \\ \sin \end{matrix}$
 \hookrightarrow shoulder / key seat?

(4) $S_{ut} \quad S_y \Rightarrow A-20$

(5) S_e

(6) $S_e = k_a k_b k_c S_e'$
 $k_a = a S_{ut}^b \rightarrow$ page 296
 $\Rightarrow \neq 0$
 $k_b = .9$
 $k_c = 1$

(7) $k_f = k_t$
 $k_{fs} = k_{ts} \rightarrow$ table 7-1 page 365

(8) $d = \left(\frac{16 n}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{S_e \times 10^6} \left[4 (k_f M_a)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{1}{S_{ut} \times 10^6} \left[3 (k_{fs} T_m)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \right) \right)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

$n = \left(\frac{16}{\pi d^3} \left(\frac{1}{S_e \times 10^6} \left[4 (k_f M_a)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} + \left(\frac{1}{S_{ut} \times 10^6} \left[3 (k_{fs} T_m)^2 \right]^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \right) \right)^3$

(9) $d = ? \times 10^3$

$k_b = ? \rightarrow$ 296

$S_e = ? \rightarrow$ table 7-1

$\frac{r}{d} = ?$

$r = d * ? \rightarrow$ page 303

$q = ? \quad \rho_s = ? \rightarrow$ d new

Gk $k_{fs} \quad k_f = q(k_t - 1) + 1 \quad k_t \rightarrow$ (7-1)

Se same stop !!!

Table (7-1)