

Question 30

Answer saved

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question

Which of the following isn't a stage of creep?

Select one:

- a. Fracture stage
- b. Constant creep stage
- c. Transient creep stage
- d. Steady stage creep stage

[Clear my choice](#)



b. Insurance

c. a & c

d. Creep

e. fatigue

Clear my choice

After which point is necking observed?

Select one:

a. Ultimate strength

b. Yield strength

c. Fracture point

d. Elastic point

What is the relation between fracture toughness

Select one:

a. Fracture toughness does not depend on

b. Fracture toughness increases with incred



Settings



Mild steel belongs to the following category

Select one:

- a. alloy steel
- b. low carbon steel
- c. medium carbon steel
- d. All of the mentioned
- e. high carbon steel

Which of the following can be carbon composition of cast iron?

Select one:

a. All of them

b. 0.5%

c. 1.5%

d. 1%

e. 2.5%





# PROPERTIES OF ENGINEER

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PROPERTIES OF ENGINEERING M

Corrosion can increase fatigue life.

Select one:

True

False

Which of the following is the property beco

Select one:

a. Strength

b. Malleability

c. Ductility



Mild steel belongs to the following category

Select one:

- a. high carbon steel
- b. alloy steel
- c. medium carbon steel
- d. low carbon steel
- e. All of the mentioned

Engineering stress-strain curve and True stress-strain curve are equal up to

Select one:

- a. Elastic limit
- b. Proportional limit
- c. All of the mentioned
- d. Tensile strength point
- e. Yeild point



## PROPERTIES OF ENGINEERING MA

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Slow plastic deformation of metal under a constant stress

Select one:

- a. a & c
- b. Creep
- c. non plastic deformation
- d. fatigue
- e. Endurance

[Clear my choice](#)

What is the Eutectic reaction at 1146°C?

Select one:

- a.  $\gamma$  (0.8 % C)  $\rightarrow$   $\alpha$  (0.025% C) + Fe<sub>3</sub>C (6.67% C)
- b. L (0.53% C) +  $\delta$  (0.09% C)  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$  (0.8 % C)
- c. L (0.53% C) +  $\delta$  (0.09% C)  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$  (0.17% C)



In which of the stages, do we observe a constant deformation rate?

Select one:

- a. Transient creep stage
- b. Constant creep stage
- c. Steady stage creep stage
- d. Fracture stage





Not yet answered  
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Flag question

Which of the following is the property because of which

- Select one:
- a. Strength
  - b. Elasticity
  - c. Ductility
  - d. Malleability

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 10  
Not yet answered  
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What is the Peritectic reaction at 1495°C?

- Select one:
- a.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta (0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (0.8\% C)$
  - b.  $\gamma (0.8\% C) \rightarrow \alpha (0.025\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$
  - c.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta (0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (0.17\% C)$
  - d.  $L (4.3\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (2.1\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$

[Clear my choice](#)



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Clear my choice

Question 7

Not yet  
answered

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question

What is the Eutectic reaction at 1146°C?

Select one:

- a.  $\gamma (0.8\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \alpha (0.025\% \text{ C}) + \text{Fe}_3\text{C} (6.67\% \text{ C})$
- b.  $\text{L} (0.53\% \text{ C}) + \delta (0.09\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \gamma (0.8\% \text{ C})$
- c.  $\text{L} (0.53\% \text{ C}) + \delta (0.09\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \gamma (0.17\% \text{ C})$
- d.  $\text{L} (4.3\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \gamma (2.1\% \text{ C}) + \text{Fe}_3\text{C} (6.67\% \text{ C})$

Clear my choice

Question 8

Not yet  
answered

Which of the following is the most common type of failure in industry?

Select one:





Question 22

Not yet answered

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Flag question

Which of the following properties is impact strength indicative of?

Select one:

- a. Stiffness
- b. Elasticity
- c. Hardness
- d. Toughness
- e. All of them

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 23

Not yet answered

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Mild steel belongs to the following category

Select one:

- a. alloy steel
- b. All of the mentioned
- c. medium carbon steel
- d. low carbon steel
- e. high carbon steel

Question 24

Not yet

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In which of the following does crack propagation occur?





# PROPERTIES OF ENGINEERING MATER

Which hardness method can be used to measure hardness of a si

Select one:

- a. Vickers
- b. Shore
- c. Rockwell
- d. Knoop
- e. Rockwell

[Clear my choice](#)

What is Eutectoid reaction at 727°C?

Select one:

- a.  $\gamma (0.8\% C) \rightarrow \alpha (0.025\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$
- b.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta (0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (0.17\% C)$





Brittle fracture is more dangerous than ductile fracture because

\_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- a. No warning sign
- b. All of the mentioned
- c. No need for extra stress during crack propagation
- d. Crack propagates at very high speeds

Which of the following is the property because of which a material can be drawn into wires?

Select one:

- a. Ductility
- b. Elasticity
- c. Strength
- d. Malleability

Corrosion can increase fatigue life.

Select one:

- True
- False



Question 4

Not yet  
answered

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question

Up to which point on the stress-strain curve is Hooke's law valid?

Select one:

- a. Fracture point
- b. Elastic limit
- c. Proportionality limit
- d. Yield point
- e. None

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 5

Not yet

Which hardness method can be used to measure hardness of a single grain?



- a. Shear stress
- b. Ultimate stress
- c. Tensile stress
- d. Working stress

Clear my choice

A measure of Rockwell hardness is the


Select one:

- a. Surface area of indentation
- b. Projected area of indentation
- c. Depth of penetration of indenter
- d. All of the mentioned
- e. Height of rebound

Up to which point on the stress-strain curve is

Select one:

- a. Proportionality limit

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Which of the following is the numerator of factor safety formula?

Select one:

- a. Tensile stress
- b. Ultimate stress
- c. Shear stress
- d. Working stress

Buckling in a column occurs in the material due to which of the following forces?

Select one:

- a. Compressive
- b. Shear
- c. It doesn't occur due to a force
- d. Tensile



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- a.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta (0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (0.8\% C)$
- b.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta (0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (0.8\% C)$
- c.  $L (4.3\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (2.1\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$
- d.  $\gamma (0.8\% C) \rightarrow \alpha (0.025\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$

Clear my choice

Question 12

Not yet answered

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Engineering stress-strain curve and True stress-strain curve are equal up to

Select one:

- a. All of the mentioned
- b. Tensile strength point
- c. Yield point
- d. Proportional limit
- e. Elastic limit

Clear my choice

the Young's modulus is given to  $7e^{10}$ . What will be



Stainless steel is so called because of its \_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- a. Brittleness
- b. High corrosion resistance
- c. High ductility
- d. High strength

How is brittleness related to impact strength?

Select one:

- a. Brittleness is inversely proportional to a square of impact strength
- b. Brittleness is directly proportional to a square of impact strength
- c. Brittleness is inversely proportional to impact strength
- d. Brittleness is directly proportional to impact strength



# PROPERTIES OF ENGINE

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Ductility is measured in terms of

Select one:

- a. Ultimate tensile strength
- b. Percentage elongation
- c. Modulus of toughness
- d. Modulus of resilience
- e. All of the mentioned

[Clear my choice](#)

Arrange the following in increasing order

Select one:



What is the Eutectic reaction at 1146°C?

Select one:

- a.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta(0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma(0.17\% C)$
- b.  $L (4.3\% C) \rightarrow \gamma(2.1\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$
- c.  $\gamma (0.8\% C) \rightarrow \alpha (0.025\% C) + Fe_3C (6.67\% C)$
- d.  $L (0.53\% C) + \delta(0.09\% C) \rightarrow \gamma (0.8\% C)$

Which of the following is the most common type of failure in industry?...

Fatigue

Which hardness method can be used to measure hardness of a single grain

Select one:

- a. Shore
- b. Knoop
- c. Vickers
- d. Rockwell
- e. Rockwell



Question 16

Not yet answered  
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Which of the following is the numerator of factor safety formula?

- Select one:
- a. Working stress
  - b. Shear stress
  - c. Tensile stress
  - d. Ultimate stress

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 17

Not yet answered  
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After which point is necking observed?

- Select one:
- a. Elastic point
  - b. Fracture point
  - c. Ultimate strength
  - d. Yield strength

[Clear my choice](#)



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Question 27

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Ductility is measured in terms of

Select one:

- a. Modulus of resilience
- b. All of the mentioned
- c. Modulus of toughness
- d. Ultimate tensile strength
- e. Percentage elongation

[Clear my choice](#)

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Buckling in a column occurs in the material due to which of the following

Select one:

- a. It doesn't occur due to a force
- b. Tensile
- c. Shear
- d. Compressive

[Clear my choice](#)

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search

In which of the stages, do we observe a constant deformation rate?





- b. Stiffness
- c. Hardness
- d. Toughness
- e. Elasticity

[Clear my choice](#)

How is brittleness related to impact strength?

Select one:

- a. Brittleness is inversely proportional to a square of impact strength
- b. Brittleness is inversely proportional to impact strength
- c. Brittleness is directly proportional to a square of impact strength
- d. Brittleness is directly proportional to impact strength

Diffusion is the result of:

Select one:

- a. Concentration gradient
- b. Random motion of particles



Question 31

Not yet  
answered

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What is the relation between fracture toughness and thickness?

Select one:

- a. Fracture toughness decreases with increase in thickness
- b. Fracture toughness increase linearly with an increase in thickness
- c. Fracture toughness does not depend on the thickness
- d. Fracture toughness increases with increase in thickness

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 32

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answered

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The S-N curve for mild steel never becomes a horizontal line.

Select one:

- True
- False





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My courses

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General

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Question 11

Not yet answered

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Stainless steel is so called because of its \_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- a. Brittleness
- b. High strength
- c. High corrosion resistance
- d. High ductility

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 12

Not yet answered

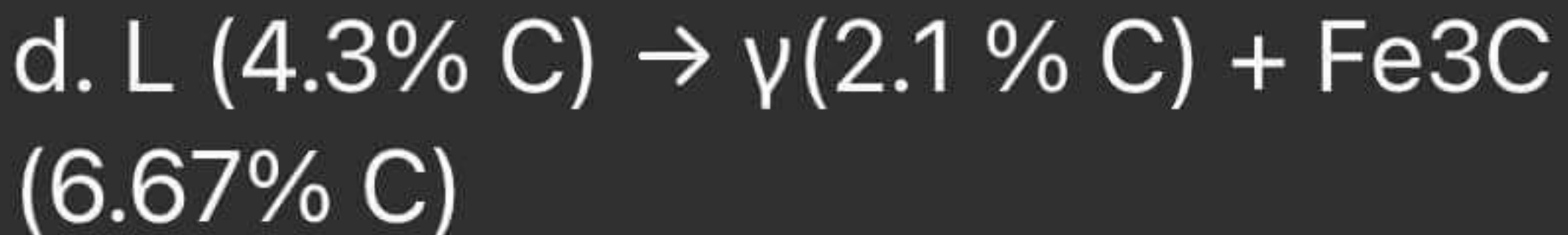
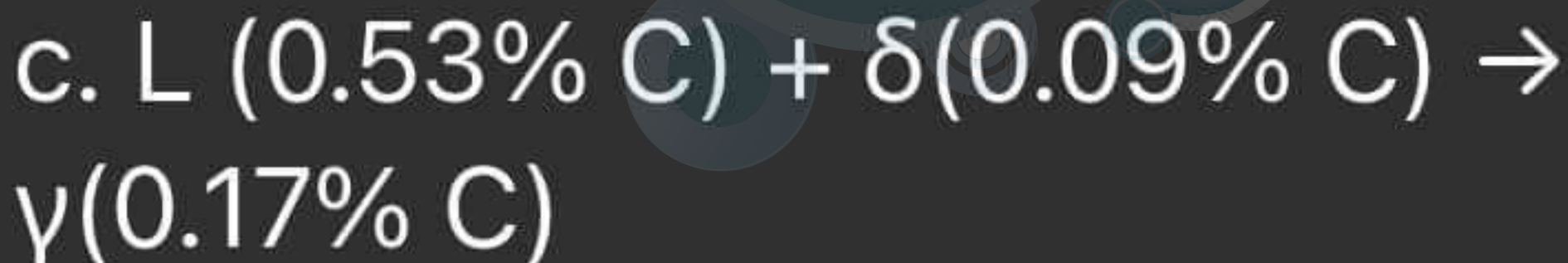
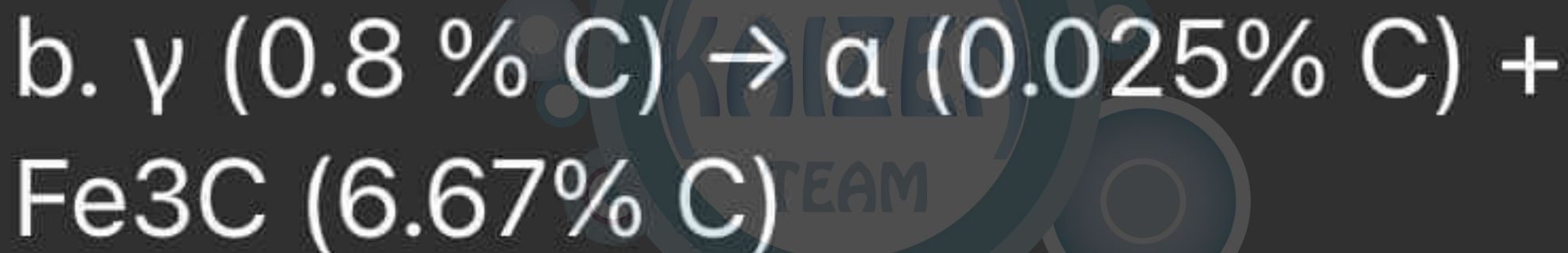
At what temperature is steel ductile?

Select one:



What is Eutectoid reaction at 727°C?

Select one:





Question  
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- Select one:
- a. Fracture toughness decreases with increase in thickness
  - b. Fracture toughness increase linearly with an increase in thickness
  - c. Fracture toughness does not depend on the thickness
  - d. Fracture toughness increases with increase in thickness

Question 32  
Not yet answered  
Marked out of 1.50  
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- The S-N curve for mild steel never becomes a horizontal line.
- Select one:
- True
  - False





At what temperature is steel ductile?

Select one:

a.  $-10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

b.  $-5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

c.  $4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

d.  $-3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$





True

False

At what temperature is steel ductile?

Select one:

a.  $-5\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

b.  $-10\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

c.  $4\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

d.  $-3\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Which of the following isn't a stage of creep?

Select one:

a. Transient creep stage

b. Constant creep stage

c. Fracture stage

d. Steady stage creep stage





Which of the following is the property because of which a material can be drawn into wires?

Select one:

- a. Ductility
- b. Strength
- c. Elasticity
- d. Malleability

After which point is necking observed?

Select one:

- a. Elastic point
- b. Yield strength
- c. Fracture point
- d. Ultimate strength

Slow plastic deformation of metal under a constant stress is known as

Select one:

- a. non plastic deformation
- b. Creep
- c. fatigue
- d. a & c
- e. Endurance



A measure of Rockwell hardness is the

Select one:

- a. Height of rebound
- b. Surface area of indentation
- c. All of the mentioned
- d. Depth of penetration of indenter
- e. Projected area of indentation



Up to which point on the stress-strain curve is Hooke's law valid?

Select one:

- a. Fracture point
- b. Proportionality limit
- c. Elastic limit
- d. None
- e. Yield point

Arrange the following in increasing order of hardness: talc, gypsum, topaz diamond.

Select one:

- a. Diamond, topaz, talc, gypsum
- b. Gypsum, topaz, talc, diamond
- c. Talc, gypsum, topaz, diamond
- d. Topaz, gypsum, talc, diamond



Question 3  
Necking occurs in which of the following fractures?

Select one:

- a. Fatigue
- b. Ductile fractures
- c. Brittle fracture
- d. It doesn't occur during fracture



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- a.  $\gamma$  (0.8 % C)  $\rightarrow$   $\alpha$  (0.025% C) +  $\text{Fe}_3\text{C}$  (6.67% C)
- b. L (0.53% C) +  $\delta$ (0.09% C)  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$ (0.17% C)
- c. L (4.3% C)  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$ (2.1 % C) +  $\text{Fe}_3\text{C}$  (6.67% C)
- d. L (0.53% C) +  $\delta$ (0.09% C)  $\rightarrow$   $\gamma$  (0.8 % C)

[Clear my choice](#)

Which of the following is the numerator of factor safety form

Select one:

- a. Shear stress
- b. Ultimate stress
- c. Tensile stress
- d. Working stress

[Clear my choice](#)

A measure of Rockwell hardness is the

Select one:

- a. Surface area of indentation



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Which hardness method can be used to measure hardness of a single grain

Select one:

- a. Shore
- b. Knoop
- c. Vickers
- d. Rockwell
- e. Rockwell

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out of

Mild steel belongs to the following category

Select one:

- a. high carbon steel
- b. alloy steel
- c. medium carbon steel
- d. low carbon steel
- e. All of the mentioned





[Clear my choice](#)

How is brittleness related to impact strength?

Select one:

- a. Brittleness is inversely proportional to a square of impact strength
- b. Brittleness is inversely proportional to impact strength
- c. Brittleness is directly proportional to a square of impact strength
- d. Brittleness is directly proportional to impact strength

Diffusion is the result of:

Select one:

- a. Concentration gradient
- b. Random motion of particles
- c. All of the mentioned
- d. Kinetic energy of particles



The following types of materials are usually the most ductile

Select one:

- a. Hexagonal close packed lattice
- b. a,b&c
- c. Face centered cubic lattice
- d. All of the mentioned
- e. Body centered cubic lattice

Ductility is measured in terms of

Select one:

- a. Percentage elongation
- b. Ultimate tensile strength
- c. Modulus of resilience
- d. All of the mentioned
- e. Modulus of toughness

Which of the following properties is impact strength indicative of?

Select one:

- a. Stiffness
- b. Toughness
- c. Hardness
- d. Elasticity
- e. All of them



Question 33

Not yet  
answered

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question

Diffusion is the result of:

Select one:

- a. All of the mentioned
- b. Kinetic energy of particles
- c. Random motion of particles
- d. Concentration gradient

[Clear my choice](#)

stress-strain curve and True stress-strain curve are equal



8 Which of the following is the most common type of failure in industry?

Select one:

- a. Creep
- b. Fatigue
- c. All
- d. Ductile fracture
- e. Brittle fracture

[Clear my choice](#)

9 Which of the following is the property because of which a material can be

Select one:

- a. Strength
- b. Elasticity
- c. Ductility
- d. Malleability

[Clear my choice](#)

10 What is the Peritectic reaction at 1495°C?

Select one:







## Question 3

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At what temperature is steel ductile?

Select one:

- a.  $-5^{\circ}\text{C}$
- b.  $-10^{\circ}\text{C}$
- c.  $4^{\circ}\text{C}$
- d.  $-3^{\circ}\text{C}$

## Question 4

Not yet answered

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Which of the following isn't a stage of creep?

Select one:

- a. Transient creep stage
- b. Constant creep stage
- c. Fracture stage
- d. Steady stage creep stage

## Question 5

Not yet answered

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In which of the following does crack propagation occur?

Select one:

- a. Ductile fracture
- b. It doesn't occur during fracture





What is the relation between fracture toughness and thickness?

Select one:

- a. Fracture toughness decreases with increase in thickness
- b. Fracture toughness increase linearly with an increase in thickness
- c. Fracture toughness does not depend on the thickness
- d. Fracture toughness increases with increase in thickness



% C in medium carbon steels ranges from \_\_\_\_\_.

Select one:

- a. 0.3 – 0.6
- b. 0.3 – 0.4
- c. All of the mentioned
- d. None
- e. 0.3 – 0.5

If the Poisson's ratio is given as 0.3 and the Young's modulus is given to  $7 \times 10^{10}$ . What will be the value for shear modulus? ( $\nu = E/2G - 1$ )

Select one:

- a.  $3.00 \times 10^{10}$  N/m<sup>2</sup>
- b. None
- c.  $2.72 \times 10^{10}$  N/m<sup>2</sup>
- d.  $2.69 \times 10^{10}$  N/m<sup>2</sup>
- e.  $2.59 \times 10^{10}$  N/m<sup>2</sup>





In which of the following does crack propagation occur?

Select one:

- a. Ductile fracture
- b. Fatigue
- c. It doesn't occur during fracture
- d. Brittle fracture

Diffusion is the result of:

Select one:

- a. Kinetic energy of particles
- b. Concentration gradient
- c. Random motion of particles
- d. All of the mentioned

The S-N curve for mild steel never becomes a horizontal line.

Select one:

- True
- False

Which of the following isn't a stage of creep?

Select one:

- a. Steady stage creep stage
- b. Fracture stage
- c. Constant creep stage
- d. Transient creep stage



Select one:

- a. Fracture point
- b. Elastic limit
- c. Proportionality limit
- d. Yield point
- e. None

[Clear my choice](#)

Which hardness method can be used to measure hardness of a sim

Select one:

- a. Shore
- b. Knoop
- c. Rockwell
- d. Vickers
- e. Rockwell

[Clear my choice](#)

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Which of the following is the most common type of failure in industry?

Select one:

- a. Ductile fracture
- b. Creep
- c. Brittle fracture
- d. All
- e. Fatigue

What is the Peritectic reaction at  $1495^{\circ}\text{C}$ ?

Select one:

- a.  $L (0.53\% \text{ C}) + \delta(0.09\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \gamma (0.8\% \text{ C})$
- b.  $L (4.3\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \gamma(2.1\% \text{ C}) + \text{Fe}_3\text{C} (6.67\% \text{ C})$
- c.  $L (0.53\% \text{ C}) + \delta(0.09\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \gamma(0.17\% \text{ C})$
- d.  $\gamma (0.8\% \text{ C}) \rightarrow \alpha (0.025\% \text{ C}) + \text{Fe}_3\text{C} (6.67\% \text{ C})$



# PROPERTIES OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS

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PROPERTIES OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS

General

Final Exam PROPERTIES OF ENGIN

Question 1

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Which of the following can be carbon composition of cast iron?

Select one:

- a. 1%
- b. 1.5%
- c. 0.5%
- d. 2.5%
- e. All of them

[Clear my choice](#)

Question 2

A measure of Rockwell hardness is the



The expression  $J = M/(A.t)$ , where  $J$ ,  $M$ ,  $A$ , &  $t$  are diffusion flux, mass of diffusing species, cross sectional area, and time respectively is:

Select one:

- a. valid for non steady state diffusion only
- b. valid for both steady and non steady state diffusion
- c. valid for steady-state diffusion only
- d. incorrect

Necking occurs in which of the following fractures?

Select one:

- a. It doesn't occur during fracture
- b. Ductile fractures
- c. Brittle fracture
- d. Fatigue



d. Elasticity

[Clear my choice](#)

In which of the stages, do we observe a constant deformation rate?

Select one:

- a. Constant creep stage
- b. Transient creep stage
- c. Steady stage creep stage
- d. Fracture stage

Brittle fracture is more dangerous than ductile fracture because \_\_\_\_\_

Select one:

- a. No need for extra stress during crack propagation
- b. All of the mentioned
- c. No warning sign
- d. Crack propagates at very high speeds