Business processes are synonymous with business systems.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
2) You should always ask yourself "how can I use my time in school to enhance those skills I already have?"
a. True b. False
Answer: a
Page Reference: 44
3) The inventory management process includes placing orders and receiving goods into inventory.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
In the payment process, the invoice is compared to the purchase order.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
5) A copy of the purchase order is sent to the customer.
5) A copy of the purchase order is sent to the customer. a. True b. False
a. True

A business process consists of activities, resources, facilities, and information.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
7) Any item of value can be considered to be a potential resource for a business process.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
8) Activities transform resources and data into different kinds of resources and data.
a. True b. False
Answer: b
 An inventory database would be considered to be an example of a facility in the inventory management process.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
10) The fact that it rained 1.2 inches today is an example of information.
a. True
b. False
Answer: b
11) The fact that the sun rose this morning at 6:25 a.m. is an example of data.
a. True
b. False
Answer: a

a. True b. False
Answer: b
13) When data is presented with a meaningful context, it becomes information.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
14) The information that is the output of one process can be viewed as a data input to another process.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
15) Each activity within a business process must use one, and only one, information system.
a. True b. False
Answer: b

12) Data is another word for information.

16) It is good business practice for a payment activity to have a single person assigned to approve payments and generate checks.
a. True b. False
Answer: b
Page Reference: 33
17) An executive information system supports strategic decision making.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
18) A structured decision involves an understood and accepted method for making the decision.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
19) A transaction processing system helps managers allocate and utilize resources.
a. True b. False
Answer: b

20) During intelligence gathering, the decision makers determine what is to be decided, what the criteria for the decision will be, and what data are available.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
Page Reference: 37
21) While weather is an unstructured phenomenon, weather forecasting is an example of structured decision making.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
Page Reference: 37
22) The quality of your thinking is a large part of the quality of the information system. a. True
b. False Answer: a
Page Reference: 39
23) The review step may lead to another decision and another iteration of the decision making process.
a. True b. False
Answer: a

24) Your mind and your thinking are not merely a component of the information systems you use; they are the most important component.
a. True b. False
Answer: a
Page Reference: 37
25) Information needs to be just barely sufficient for the purpose for which it is generated.a. Trueb. False
Answer: a
Page Reference: 30
26) For information to be worth it's cost, there must be an appropriate relationship between the cost of information and its value.a. Trueb. False
Answer: a
Page Reference: 30
27) A business process is a. a network of activities used to accomplish business goals.

- b. a set of required steps in a production process.
- c. a network of activities, resources, facilities, and information that interact to achieve some business function.
- d. a set of actives in a value chain.
- e. a set of activities in a supply chain.

Answer: c

- 28) An information system must produce information that is:
- a. worth it's cost, relevant, barely sufficient, accurate.
- b. relevant, timely, all encompassing, worth it's cost.
- c. just barely sufficient, only a year old, worth it's cost.
- d. Timely, and accurate.
- e. accurate and worth it's cost.

Answer: a

- 29) Which of the following are characteristics of good information?
- a. Worth it's cost, timely, relevant, all encompassing.
- b. Timely, expensive but complete, relevant.
- c. Relevant, not many important errors, worth it's cost.
- d. Timely, expensive but complete, accurate.
- e. Timely, relevant, worth it's cost, barely sufficient, accurate.

Answer: e

- 30) Relevant information refers to information that is
- a. worth the value paid to generate it.
- b. useful to both the context and the subject at hand.
- c. good for the purpose for which it is generated.
- d. produced in time for its intended use.
- e. correct and complete.

Answer: b

- 31) Just barely sufficient information refers to information that is
- a. correct and complete.
- b. produced in time for its intended use.
- c. good for the purpose for which it is generated.
- d. not useful to the decision being made.
- e. useful to both the context and the subject at hand.

Answer: c

- 32) "Worth its cost" refers to information
- a. that is produced in time for its intended use.
- b. that is good for the purpose for which it is generated.
- c. that is collected in a low-cost manner.
- d. that has an appropriate relationship between its cost and its value.
- e. that is useful to both the context and the subject at hand.

Answer:

- 33) Operational decisions refer to
- a. the control of resources and activities over a time period of less than one month
- b. day-to-day activities.
- c. an understood and accepted method for making decisions.
- d. the allocation and utilization of resources.
- e. broader-scope, organizational issues.

Answer: b

- 34) Managerial decisions refer to
- a. day-to-day activities.
- b. broader-scope, organizational issues.
- c. an understood and accepted method for making decisions.
- d. the allocation and utilization of resources.
- e. the control of resources and activities.

Answer: d

- 35) Strategic decision refer to
- a. the allocation and utilization of resources.
- b. broader-scope, organizational issues.
- c. day-to-day activities.
- d. transactions details.
- e. an understood and accepted method for making decisions.

Answer: b

- 36) A Transaction Processing System supports
- a. transactional decisions.
- b. operational decisions.
- c. strategic decisions.
- d. executive decisions.
- e. managerial decisions.

Answer: b

- 37) A Management Information System supports
- a. operational decisions.
- b. managerial decisions.
- c. strategic decisions.
- d. unstructured decisions.
- e. executive decisions.

Answer: b

- 38) An Executive Information System supports
- a. managerial decisions.
- b. strategic decisions.
- c. executive decisions.
- d. structured decisions.
- e. operational decisions.

Answer: b

- 39) An understood and accepted method for making decisions is used to make a. managerial decisions. b. operational decisions. c. strategic decisions. d. executive decisions. e. structured decisions. Answer: e Page Reference: 38 40) An unstructured decision making process a. is one for which there is an agreed upon decision-making method. b. is one for which there is no documentation required. c. is one for which there are no structured steps. d. is one for which there are no formal procedures. e. is one for which there is no agreed-on decision-making method. Answer: e
- 41) The step in a decision making process where decision markers determine what is to be decided, what the criteria for the decision will be, and what data are available is called
- a. alternatives formulation.
- b. decision analysis.
- c. intelligence gathering.
- d. the review step.
- e. the choice step.

Answer: c
Page Reference: 37
42) The stage in a decision making process where decision makers lay out various alternatives is called
a. decision analysis.
b. intelligence gathering.
c. alternatives formulation.
d. the choice step.
e. the review step.
Answer: c
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Page Reference: 37
43) The stage in a decision making process which a decision maker analyze the alternatives and selected one is called
alternatives and selected one is called
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step.
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step. Answer: b
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step. Answer: b
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step. Answer: b Page Reference: 37
alternatives and selected one is called a. alternatives formulation. b. the choice step. c. intelligence gathering. d. decision step. e. the review step. Answer: b

c. an action that supports a business strategy.
$\mbox{\it d}.$ transforming resources and information of one type into resources and information of another type.
e. action performed by an actor.
Answer: d
45) Items of value are referred to as
a. money.
b. valuables.
c. resources.
d. facilities.
e. equipment.
Answer: c
46) The HELM system improves efficiency by eliminating
a. computers aboard tugboats.
b. multiple dispatcher log sheets.
c. multiple data entries for each job.
d. accurate paper work.
e. the large number of people involved in completing a job.
Answer: c
Page Reference: 39

47) Knowledge derived from data can be described as:
a. wisdom.
b. information.
c. knowledge.
d. data.
e. context.
Answer: b
48) Recorded facts or figures is (are)
a. context.
b. information.
c. data.
d. knowledge.
e. processed information.
Answer: c
49) Data presented in a meaningful context can be described as:
a. processed information.
b. knowledge.
c. information.
d. processed knowledge.
e. processed data.
Answer: c

50) Which of the following is arguably the most important component of an Information System?
a. Software
b. Hardware
c. Processes
d. Information
e. People
Answer: e
Page Reference: 32
51) The review step
a. is when the organization makes a decision.
b. is when the organization makes a decision and may lead to another decision.
c. may lead to another decision.
d. is when the organization reviews the results of the decision.
e. is when the organization reviews the results of the decision and may lead to another
decision.
Answer: e
Page Reference: 37
52) Which of the following is a structured decision?
a. Fortune telling
b. Performance appraisals
c. Stock marketing forecasting
d. Predicting the Super Bowl winner
e. Weather forecasting
Answer: e

- 53) Which of the following is an unstructured decision?
- a. Allocating furniture and equipment to employees
- b. Weather forecasting
- c. Determining the future book value of assets
- d. Stock marketing forecasting
- e. Airline pricing

Answer: d

- 54) Which of the following is a managerial decision?
- a. Which invoices should be paid today
- b. Determining next year's IT budget
- c. Should we extend credit to a customer
- d. Determining how many daily transactions have occurred in a specified period
- e. Should our firm acquire a competing firm

Answer: b

- 55) Which of the following is an operational decision?
- a. Determining next year's IT budget
- b. Should we extend credit to a customer
- c. What are our production goals for the next three months
- d. Which invoices should be paid today
- e. Should our firm acquire a competing firm

Answer: d

56) Which of the following is a strategic decision?
a. Should we extend credit to a customer
b. Determining next year's IT budget
c. What wage should we pay a particular employee
d. Should our firm acquire a competing firm
e. Which invoices should be paid today
Answer: d
Page Reference: 37
57) Which is the following is most useful to a company?
a. Knowledge
b. Observations
c. Decisions
d. Information
e. Data
Answer: a
Page Reference: 37
58) The average wage for a factory worker is an example of (a)
a. data.
b. business process.
c. knowledge.
d. strategy.
e. decision.

Answer: c
59) The statement that Jeff Parks earns less than half the average hourly wage of the Garden Department is
a. policy.
b. strategy.
c. data.
d. information.
e. decision.
Answer: d
60) Which systems are typically used during the alternatives formulation step?
a. Word processors
b. Digital imaging systems
c. Presentation software
d. Statistics packages
e. Collaborative systems
Answer: e
Page Reference: 37
61) Which systems are typically used to analysis data and information during the choice step?

a. Word processing packagesb. Financial modeling tools

d. Digital imagining packages
e. Presentation software
Answer: b
Page Reference: 37
62) Customer numbers and their names would be an example of the component of an order management information system.
a. software
b. information
c. procedure
d. hardware
e. people
Answer: b
63) Business systems are sometimes referred to as business
a. networks.
b. models.
c. channels.
d. processes.
e. webs.
Answer: d

c. Databases

a. hardware. b. activities. c. systems. d. data. e. knowledge. Answer: b
65) In the inventory management process, quality inspection would be viewed as a(n)
a. activity.
b. information output.
c. data input.
d. resource.
e. facility.
Answer: a

64) A business process is a network of information, resources, facilities and

66) An activity can be how the procedures are execute		_ and sometimes blended, depending on	
a. external, internal			
b. manual, automated			
c. internal, automated			
d. automated, integrated			
e. integrated, manual			
Answer: b			
67) In an automated activity the	computer har	dware receives its instructions from (the)	
a. version control program.			
b. network protocols.			
c. people.			
d. software.			
e. Web services.			
Answer: d			

68) Because they have input into the inventory management process, both suppliers and customers are viewed as
a. information outputs.
b. data inputs
c. resources.
d. facilities.
e. activities.
Answer: c
69) The truck that delivers the orders to the receiving and stocking activity would be viewed in the inventory management process as a(n)
a. facility.
b. information output.
c. activity.
d. resource.
e. data input
Answer: a

70) Inventories, databases, factories, and equipment are all examples of
a. resources.
b. information.
c. transactions.
d. facilities.
e. activities.
Answer: d
71) The section of the
71) The on-time performance of all your vendors for a specific item would be an example of
a. inventory
b. data.
c. communication.
d. information.
e. resource.
Answer: d
Allswer. d
72) For General Motors, the quantity of tire rims received would be an example of
a. communication.
b. knowledge.
c. data.
d. information.
e. resource.
Answer: c

73) In an information system, the software and components are both sets of instructions.
a. data
b. software
c. people
d. procedure
e. hardware
Answer: d
Page Reference: 32
74) Business processes generate information by combining key data in a specific
a. context.
b. activity.
c. procedure.
d. relevance.
e. process.
Answer: a
Allswei. a
75) In an information system the people and components are considered to be actors since they can take specific actions.
a. hardware
b. data
c. people
d. procedure
e. software

Answer: a
Page Reference: 32
76) would be one of the factors that lead to designing fully automated systems.
a. High skill employee positions
b. Tasks that require significant employee data inputs
c. Low turnover employee positions
d. High turnover employee positions
e. Tasks that require significant human judgement
Answer: d
Page Reference: 33
77) is (are) instructions for hardware and is (are) instructions for people.
a. Procedures, software
b. Software, processes
c. Data, processes
d. Machine instructions, user manuals
e. Software, procedures
Answer: e
Page Reference: 32
78) If you do not know what to do with the information that your IS produces (even if it is a perfectly functioning IS):

b. you probably have the wrong communications software.

d. you can still make decisions based on that information. e. you are wasting your time and money.
Answer: e
Page Reference: 39
79) Business Process Modeling Notation provides <u>four</u> graphical elements that can be used to document a process.
80) Human resources personnel say that <u>networking</u> is one of the most effective ways of finding a job.
Page Reference: 44
81) A purchase order lists the items ordered and the quantity requested of each item.
82) The <u>inventory management</u> process works to balance the demands from customers with the inventory purchased from suppliers.
83) When stock in inventory hits a critical point, it is called the <u>reorder</u> point.

c. ask a techie for a translation.